KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

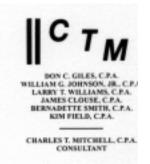
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

June 30, 2001

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	3
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSES	4-8
COMBINED STATEMENTS OF PLAN NET ASSETS	10-11
COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS	12-13
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF PLAN NET ASSETS - PENSION FUNDS	14-15
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS - PENSION FUNDS	16-17
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF PLAN NET ASSETS - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE	18-19
COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE	20-21
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	22-35
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS  Kentucky Employees Retirement System  County Employees Retirement System  State Police Retirement System  Kentucky Retirement System Insurance Fund	38-39 40
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS Kentucky Employees Retirement System County Employees Retirement System State Police Retirement System Kentucky Retirement System Insurance Fund	48 49
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	53
SUPPORTING SCHEDULES Schedule of Administrative Expense Schedule of Investment Expenses Schedule of Payment to Consultants REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL	55
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	57





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Kentucky Retirement System Frankfort, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying statements of plan net assets of the Kentucky Retirement System as of June 30, 2001 and 2000 and the related statements of changes in plan net assets for the years then ended. These component unit financial statements are the responsibility of Kentucky Retirement System's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the plan net assets of the Kentucky Retirement System, a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, at June 30, 2001 and 2000 and the changes in its plan net assets for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2001 on our consideration of the Kentucky Retirement System's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The financial section supporting schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. These schedules are the responsibility of the System's management. Such schedules as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001 have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

November 26, 2001

Charles 7. Mitchell Co.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of Kentucky Retirement System's financial performance provides an overview of the retirement systems' and insurance fund's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001. Please read it in conjunction with the Retirement Systems' financial statements and Insurance Fund's financial statements, which begin on page 10.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS—RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The following highlights are explained in more detail later in this discussion.

- The combined plan net assets of all pension funds administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems decreased by \$920.8 million during the 2000-2001 fiscal year.
- Salaries totaling \$3.5 billion requiring both employee and employer pension contributions were reported during the year. The covered payroll increased \$225 million over the prior reporting period. Although, the covered payroll increased, the corresponding employer contributions decreased by \$17.1 million for a total employer contribution amount of \$288.1 million. This decrease is attributable to four of the five pension funds experiencing a decrease in the required employer contribution rate. Contributions paid by employees were \$250.2 and \$246.6 million respectively for the years ended June 30, 2001 and June 30, 2000. This increase is a reflection of the increase in covered payroll.
- Net appreciation in fair value of investments revealed net depreciation of \$1.1 billion compared to net appreciation of \$210 million for the prior fiscal year. The pension funds realized gains on sales of investments of \$992.7 million compared to \$2.068 billion for the year ended June 30, 2000. This decline in the net appreciation in the fair value of investments compared to the prior year is due to less favorable market conditions.
- Investment income net of investment expense from all sources including securities lending was \$408 million representing an increase of approximately \$25 million compared to last fiscal year.
- Pension benefits paid to retirees and beneficiaries increased \$72 million bringing total benefit payments to \$549 million. Refund of contributions paid to former members upon termination of employment decreased from \$21 million to \$19 million.
- Administrative expense and other deductions totaling \$10.2 million decreased \$179.8 million. This decrease is attributable to the change in the way that employer contributions are posted to the insurance fund. In the prior fiscal year, contributions were deducted from the pension account and added to the insurance fund. Beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, employer contributions were deposited into a clearing account fund and the appropriate employer contributions were transferred to the respective pension and insurance funds.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS—INSURANCE FUND

The following highlights are explained in more detail later in this discussion.

• The combined plan net assets of the insurance fund administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems increased by \$59.3 million during the 2000-2001 fiscal year.

- Employer contributions of \$182.6 million were received. This is an increase of \$2.3 million over the prior fiscal year.
- Net appreciation in fair value of investments results were net depreciation of \$72 million compared to net appreciation of \$31 million for the prior fiscal year. The insurance fund realized gains on sales of investments of \$42.7 million compared to \$71 million in the prior fiscal year. This decline in the net appreciation in the fair value of investments compared to the prior year is due to less favorable market conditions.
- Investment income net of investment expense from all sources including securities lending was \$31.1 million representing an increase of approximately \$4.6 million compared to last fiscal year.
- Premiums paid by the fund for hospital and medical insurance coverage increased \$15.4 million to total \$81.9 million for the year.
- Administrative fees paid to the State Personnel Cabinet for administration of the insurance program for retirees not eligible for Medicare totaled \$714 thousand compared to \$331 thousand for the prior year. This increase is due to the increase in the administrative rate charged per retiree.

#### USING THIS FINANCIAL REPORT

Because of the long-term nature of a defined benefit pension plan and post-employment healthcare benefit plan, financial statements alone cannot provide sufficient information to properly reflect the plan's ongoing plan perspective. This financial report consists of two financial statements and two required schedules of historical trend information. The Combined Statement of Plan Net Assets and Combined Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets (on pages 10-13) provide information about the activities of the pension funds and insurance fund as a whole. Kentucky Retirement Systems is the fiduciary of funds held in trust for five distinct groups of members. The Combining Statements of Plan Net Assets and Combining Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets (on pages 14-21) provide more detailed information about each plan assets, liabilities, plan net assets, and changes in plan net assets.

The Schedule of Funding Progress (on pages 36-46) includes historical trend information about the actuarially funded status of each plan from a long-term, ongoing plan perspective and the progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits and insurance premiums when due. The Schedule of Employer Contributions (on pages 47-52) presents historical trend information about the annual required contributions of employers and the contributions made by employers in relation to the requirement. These schedules provide information that contributes to understanding the changes over time in the funded status of the plans.

#### KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AS A WHOLE

Kentucky Retirement Systems' combined plan net assets decreased during the year ended June 30, 2001 by \$861.5 million from \$13,703.2 million to \$12,841.7 million. Plan net assets for the prior fiscal year increased by \$628.4 million. The decrease for the plan year ended June 30, 2001 is attributable to less favorable market conditions than the prior fiscal year. The analysis below focuses on plan net assets (Table 1) and changes in plan net assets (Table 2) of Kentucky Retirement Systems' pension funds and insurance fund.

Table 1
Plan Net Assets
(In Millions)

		Pension Funds		Insura	nce Fund	Total		
		2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	
Cash & Investments	\$	13,420.10	\$12,884.20	\$1,156.70	\$ 998.90	\$14,576.80	\$13,883.10	
Receivables	_	125.00	138.80	21.20	22.60	146.20	161.40	
Total Assets		13,545.10	13,023.00	1,177.90	1,021.50	14,723.00	14,044.50	
Total Liabilities		(1,781.90)	(339.00)	<u>(99.40)</u>	(2.30)	<u>(1,881.30)</u>	(341.30)	
Plan Net Assets	\$	11,763.20	\$12,684.00	\$1,078.50	\$1,019.20	\$12,841.70	\$13,703.20	

Table 2 Changes in Plan Net Assets (In Millions)

		Pension Funds			Insurance Fund			Total				
		2001		2000		2001		2000		2001		2000
Additions:												
Members' Contributions	\$	250.20	\$	246.60	\$	-	\$	-	\$	250.20	\$	246.60
*Employer Contributions		105.50		305.20		182.60		180.30		288.10		485.50
Investment Income(net)	(6	<u> </u>	_	<u>593.70</u>	_	(40.70)	_	<u>57.80</u>	_	(739.20)	_	<u>651.50</u>
Total additions	(3	342.80)	•	1,145.50		141.90		238.10		(200.90)	•	,383.60
Program deductions												
Benefit payments		549.10		476.60		-		-		549.10		476.60
Refunds		18.60		21.40		-		-		18.60		21.40
Administrative Expense		10.90		9.80		0.70		0.30		11.60		10.10
Healthcare premiums		-		-		81.90		66.50		81.90		66.50
Tot. program deductions		578.60		507.80		82.60		66.80		661.20		574.60
*Other deductions(net)		(0.60)	_	180.30			_	<u>-</u>	_	(0.60)	_	180.30
Total deductions		<u>578.00</u>	_	688.10		82.60	_	66.80		660.60	_	754.90
Increase (decrease) in												
plan net assets	\$ (9	<u>920.80)</u>	\$	<u>457.40</u>	\$	59.30	\$	171.30	\$	(861.50)	\$	628.70

<sup>\*</sup>Beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, employer contributions were deposited into a clearing account fund and the appropriate employer contributions were transferred to the respective pension and insurance funds.

Plan net assets of the pension funds decreased by 7.3% (\$11,763.2 million compared to \$12,684.0 million). All of these assets are restricted in use to provide monthly retirement allowances to members who contributed to the pension funds as employees and their beneficiaries. This plan net asset decrease is attributable primarily to the decline in the net appreciation in the fair value of investments due to less favorable market conditions in general.

Plan net assets of the insurance fund increased by 5.8% (\$1,078.5 million compared to \$1,019.2 million). All of these assets are restricted in use to provide hospital and medical insurance benefits to members of the pension funds who receive a monthly retirement allowance. Even though there was an increase in plan net assets for the year, the increase was not of the magnitude of the increase for the prior year. This reduction in the amount of increase in plan assets arose primarily because of two factors. First, there was a decline in the net appreciation in the fair value of investments due to less favorable market conditions as explained above for the pension funds. The second factor was a 23.1% increase in health insurance premiums paid for the year (\$81.9 million compared to \$66.5 million).

#### PENSION FUND ACTIVITIES

Member contributions increased (\$3.6 million). Retirement contributions are calculated by applying a percentage factor to salary and are paid in monthly by each member. Members may also pay contributions to repurchase previously refunded service credit or to purchase various types of elective service credit. During the year there was an increase in monthly contributions over the previous year due to the increase in salaries reported to Kentucky Retirement Systems. The number of elective service purchases remained relatively close to the prior year.

Employer contributions decreased (\$17.1 million). Even though salaries reported to Kentucky Retirement Systems increased (\$225 million), because four of the five pension funds experienced a decrease in the required employer contribution rate, employer contributions decreased to \$288.1 million compared to \$305.2 million. A portion (\$182.6 million) of the employer contributions was added to the insurance fund. Only \$105.5 million remained in the pension funds.

Net investment income decreased by 217.6% (loss of \$698.5 million compared to income of \$593.7 million). The primary cause of the reduction in net investment income between fiscal years is less appreciation in the fair value of investments for the year ended June 30, 2001 than for the year ended June 30, 2000. This can be illustrated as follows:

	In Millions
Appreciation in fair value of investments-June 30, 2001	\$420.7
Appreciation in fair value of investments-June 30, 2000	\$2,520.7
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	(\$2,100.0)
Investment income (net of investment expense)	\$408.6
Net gain on sale of investments	\$992.7
Investment income (net)-June 30, 2001	(\$698.5)

Program deductions increased by \$70.8 million caused principally by an increase of \$72 million in benefit payments. Retirees received an increase of 2.2% in benefits as of July 1, 2000. Also there was an increase of approximately 3300 members and beneficiaries on the retired payroll as of June 30, 2001. Refunds decreased by \$2.8 million.

Other deductions (net) decreased approximately \$180.9 million explained primarily by employer contributions no longer being deducted from the pension funds and added to the insurance fund. Employer contributions are now added directly to the insurance fund.

#### INSURANCE FUND ACTIVITIES

Employer contributions paid into the insurance fund increased by \$2.3 million over the prior year. An increase in the amount of covered payroll (\$225 million) reported to Kentucky Retirement Systems is responsible for the increased employer contributions paid into the insurance fund.

Net investment income decreased by 170.4 % (loss of \$40.7 million compared to income of \$57.8 million). The primary cause of the reduction in net investment income between fiscal years is less appreciation in the fair value of investments for the year ended June 30, 2001 than for the year ended June 30, 2000. This can be illustrated as follows:

	In Millions
Appreciation in fair value of investments-June 30, 2001	\$65.1
Appreciation in fair value of investments-June 30, 2000	\$179.6
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	(\$114.5)
Investment income (net of investment expense)	\$31.1
Net gain on sale of investments	\$42.7
Investment Income (net)-June 30, 2001	(\$40.7)

Program deductions increased by \$15.8 million explained almost totally by an increase in payment of healthcare premiums of \$15.4 million. The health insurance program administrative fee increased from \$.3 million to \$.7 million.

#### HISTORICAL TRENDS

Accounting standards require that the statement of plan net assets state asset value at **fair value** and include only benefits and refund due plan members and beneficiaries and accrued investment and administrative expense as of the reporting date. Information regarding the actuarial funding status of the pension funds and insurance fund is provided in the Schedule of Funding Progress (on pages 36-46). The asset value stated in the Schedule of Funding Progress is the **actuarial value** of assets determined by calculating the difference between the expected valuation assets and the actual market value of assets adjusted for any unrecognized gains or losses and amortized over a five year period. The actuarial accrued liability is calculated using the entry age normal fund method.

The funding position of the pension funds continues to provide more than adequate assets to meet pension obligations. The insurance fund continues to have a large unfunded liability for all participating employee groups. However, the funded ratio for all employee groups participating in the pension funds and the insurance fund show a positive trend over the six-year period displayed.

Annual required contributions of the employers and contributions made by the employers in relation to the required contributions are provided in the Schedule of Employer Contributions (on pages 47-52). This schedule indicates that employers are generally meeting their responsibilities to provide resources to the plans.

This page intentionally blank.

	<u>Pensions</u>	2001 Post-Employment <u>Healthcare</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS			
Cash and Short Term Investments			
Cash	\$ 33,263	\$ 19,154	\$ 52,417
Short Term Investments	1,833,669	188,046	2,021,715
Total Cash and Short Term Investments	1,866,932	207,200	2,074,133
Receivables			
Investments - accounts receivable	820	82	902
Due from retirement fund			
Interest receivable - year end	58,287	2,658	60,945
Accounts receivable - year end	61,414	18,431	79,845
Accounts receivable - alternate plan	4,162	-	4,162
A/R - alternate plan - year end	304	<del>_</del>	304
Total receivables	124,988	21,171	146,159
Investments at fair value			
Corporate and government bonds	2,939,846	104,512	3,044,358
Corporate stocks	5,742,621	739,105	6,481,726
Mortgages	525,665	6,595	532,260
Real estate	577,315	<del>_</del>	<u>577,315</u>
Total investments at fair value	9,785,447	850,212	10,635,659
Securities lending collateral invested	1,767,731	99,339	1,867,071
Total assets	13,545,098	1,177,923	14,723,021
LIABILITIES			
Investments - accounts payable		108	108
Accounts payable	14,166		14,166
Due to insurance fund			
Securities lending collateral	1,767,731	99,339	1,867,071
Total Liabilities	_1,781,898	99,448	_1,881,346
Plan net assets held in trust for pension			
Benefits	\$11,763,200	<u>\$ 1,078,475</u>	<u>\$12,841,676</u>

(A schedule of funding progress for each plan is presented on pages 36-46)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS COMBINED STATEMENTS OF PLAN NET ASSETS As of June 30, 2001 and 2000 Expressed In Thousands

	<u>Pensions</u>	2000 Post-Employme <u>Healthcare</u>	nt <u>Total</u>
\$		\$	\$
	867,131	<u>85,503</u>	952,633
	867,131	85,503	952,633
	282	10	292
		900	900
	46,277	3,706	49,982
	87,222	17,980	105,202
	4,644	-	4,644
	327		327
	138,752	22,596	161,347
	2,661,171	224,782	2,885,953
	7,935,081	669,515	8,604,596
	527,838	17,117	544,955
	590,310	<del>-</del>	590,310
	11,714,401	911,414	12,625,814
	302,677	1,979	304,656
	13,022,960	1,021,491	14,044,451
		191	191
	35,385	130	35,515
	900		900
	302,677	1,979	304,656
	338,962	2,300	341,262
<u>.</u>	\$12,683,998	\$ 1,019,191	\$13,702,289

		<u>2001</u>	
		Post-Employment	
	Pensions	<u>Healthcare</u>	Total
ADDITIONS	1 4110110115	110011110010	1000
Members contributions	\$ 250,239	\$ -	\$ 250,239
Employers contributions	105,522	182,656	288,178
Total contributions	355,761	182,656	538,417
Total Continuations	333,701	102,030	330,417
Investment Income:			
From investing activities			
Net appreciation in fair value of			
investments	(1,107,218)	(71,873)	(1,179,090)
Interest	291,982	23,791	315,773
Dividends	109,057	6,458	115,516
Real estate operating income (Net)	3,964	-	3,964
Total investing activities income	(702,214)	(41,624)	(743,838)
Total investing activities income	(702,211)	(11,021)	(713,030)
Investment expense	4,508	95	4,603
Net income from investing activities	(706,722)	(41,719)	(748,441)
From securities lending activities			
Securities lending income	106,874	11,095	117,578
Securities lending expense:			
Custodial Fee	19		19
Security borrower rebate	96,171	9,892	106,063
Security lending agent fee	<u>2,520</u>	240	2,760
Net income from			
securities lending activities	8,165	962	9,126
Total net investment income	(698,558)	(40.757)	(720.215)
TOTAL ADDITIONS		(40,757)	(739,315)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	(342,796)	141,899	(200,897)
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefit payments	549,120		549,120
Refunds	18,614		18,614
Administrative expenses	10,879	714	11,593
Healthcare premiums paid	,	81,901	81,901
Other deductions (Net)	(612)	-	(612)
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	578,001	82,615	660,616
Net increase	(920,797)	59,284	(861,513)
Plan net assets held in trust for pension benefits and post-employment benefits			
Beginning of year	12,683,998	1,019,191	13,703,189
Prior period adjustment (Note K)	,005,226	-,,	-
End of year	\$11,763,201	\$ 1,078,475	\$12,841,676
•		• ——	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS For The Years Ended June 30, 2001 and 2000

## Expressed In Thousands

Pensions  \$ 246,563	2000 Post-Employmer Healthcare  \$ - 180,350 180,350	Total  \$ 246,563
210,243 244,948 99,348 40,600 595,139	31,230 17,624 8,819 	241,473 262,572 108,167 40,600 652,812
590,057 105,560 324 99,421 2,455	5,522 5,223 119	324 104,643 2,575
3,360 <u>593,417</u> 1,145,211	179 <u>57,770</u> 238,120	3,539 <u>651,187</u> 1,383,331
476,610 21,369 9,772 	331 66,487  66,818	476,610 21,369 10,103 66,487 
457,116	171,302	628,417
12,226,898 (15) \$12,683,998	847,874 15 \$1,019,191	13,074,772 - \$13,703,189

ASSETS	KERS <u>HAZARDOUS</u>	KERS <u>NON-HAZARDOUS</u>
Cash and short-term investments		
Cash	\$ 5,339	\$ 11,356
Short-term investments	52,255	797,007
Total cash and short-term investments	57,593	808,363
Receivables		
Investments - accounts receivable	28	314
Interest receivable - year end	1,476	27,459
Accounts receivable - year end	1,675	26,343
Accounts receivable - alternate plan		
A/R - alternate plan - year end		
Total receivables	3,178	54,116
Investments at fair value		
Corporate and government bonds	72,139	1,399,392
Corporate stocks	140,120	2,714,016
Mortgages	12,089	256,644
Real estate	20,700	256,984
Total investments at fair value	245,048	4,627,036
Securities lending collateral invested	45,784	824,647
Total assets	351,604	6,314,162
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	276	4,952
Securities lending collateral	45,784	824,647
Total liabilities	46,060	829,599
PLAN NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST		
FOR PENSION BENEFITS	<u>\$ 305,544</u>	\$ 5,484,564

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF PLAN NET ASSETS PENSION FUNDS June 30, 2001 and 2000

Expressed In Thousands

CERS <u>HAZARDOUS</u>	CERS <u>NON-HAZARDOUS</u>	STATE <u>POLICE</u>	2001 <u>TOTAL</u>	2000 <u>TOTAL</u>
\$ 4,070 	\$ 11,404 	\$ 1,095 45,064	\$ 33,263 _1,833,669	\$ - <u>867,131</u>
203,878	750,939	46,159	1,866,932	867,131
99 5,889 7,173 2,306 177	368 21,637 24,987 1,856	11 1,826 1,236	820 58,287 61,414 4,162 304	282 46,277 87,222 4,644 327
15,644	48,976	3,073	124,988	138,752
293,187 585,237 50,538 64,547	1,081,551 2,116,660 189,332 216,190	93,577 186,588 17,061 	2,939,846 5,742,621 525,665 577,315	2,661,171 7,935,081 527,838 590,310
993,509	3,603,733	316,120	9,785,447	11,714,401
181,723	660,601	_ 54,976	_1,767,731	302,677
1,394,754	5,064,249	420,329	13,545,098	13,022,960
1,877 	6,302 660,601 666,903	761 54,976 55,737	14,166 _1,767,731 _1,781,898	35,385 302,677 338,962
<u>\$1,211,155</u>	\$ 4,397,347	<u>\$ 364,592</u>	\$11,763,200	<u>\$12,683,998</u>

	KERS <u>HAZARDOUS</u>	KERS <u>NON-HAZARDOUS</u>
ADDITIONS	Ф. 10.5 <b>77</b>	Φ 106.640
Members contributions	\$ 10,577	\$ 106,648
Employers contributions	10,627	23,482
Total contributions	21,203	130,130
INVESTMENT INCOME From Investing Activities		
Net appreciation in fair value		
of investments	(19,341)	(549,461)
Interest	8,237	134,627
Dividends	2,722	51,229
Real estate operating income (Net)	41	2,209
Total investing activity income	(8,341)	(361,396)
Investment expense	109	2,141
Net income from investing activities	(8,449)	(363,537)
From securities lending activities		
Securities lending income	5,115	37,814
Securities lending expense:		_
Custodial fee	1	7
Security borrower rebates	4,603	34,027
Security lending agent fees	121	892
Net income from	201	2.000
securities lending activities	391	2,889
Total net investment income	<u>(8,059</u> )	(360,648)
TOTAL ADDITIONS	13,145	(230,518)
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefit payments	7,996	291,704
Refunds	1,253	6,968
Administrative expenses	302	3,826
Other deductions (Net)	(29)	(125)
Total deductions	9,522	302,374
Net increase	3,623	(532,892)
PLAN NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS		
Beginning of Year	301,920	6,017,456
Prior Period Adjustment (Note J)	301,920	0,017,430
rnoi renou Aujusunem (note 1)		
End of year	\$ 305,544	\$ 5,484,564

## KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS PENSION FUNDS June 30, 2001 and 2000

## Expressed In Thousands

CERS <u>HAZARDOUS</u>	CERS <u>NON-HAZARDOUS</u>	STATE POLICE	2001 <u>TOTAL</u>	2000 <u>TOTAL</u>
\$ 27,279 20,983 48,263	\$ 101,597 <u>48,914</u> 150,511	\$ 4,138 1,516 5,654	\$ 250,239 105,522 355,761	\$ 246,563 305,231 551,794
(101,236) 30,260 11,170 335 (59,470)	(395,343) 110,690 40,273 1,197 (243,182)	$   \begin{array}{r}     (41,837) \\     8,168 \\     3,663 \\     \hline     181 \\     (29,826)   \end{array} $	(1,107,218) $291,982$ $109,057$ $3,964$ $(702,214)$	210,243 244,948 490,248 40,600 595,139
<u>462</u>	1,646	<u>150</u>	4,508	5,082
(59,933)	(244,828)	(29,975)	(706,722)	590,057
13,683	48,707	1,556	106,874	105,560
12,312 323	9 43,829 1,148	1,400 37	19 96,171 2,520	324 99,421 2,455
	<u>3,721</u> (241,107)	<u>119</u> (29,856)	<u>8,165</u> <u>(698,558)</u>	3,360 593,417
(10,625)	(90,596)	(24,202)	(342,796)	1,145,211
56,520 1,319 512 (194) 58,157	170,256 8,994 6,174 (213) 185,212	22,644 80 64 (52) 22,737	549,120 18,614 10,879 (612) 578,001	476,610 21,369 9,772 180,345 688,095
(68,782)	(275,808)	(46,939)	(920,797)	457,116
1,279,936	4,673,154	411,531	12,683,998	12,226,897
\$1,211,155	\$ 4,397,347	<u>\$364,592</u>	\$11,763,200	\$12,683,998

	KERS <u>HAZARDOUS</u>	KERS <u>NON-HAZARDOUS</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and short-term investments		
Cash	\$ 1,356	\$ 6,955
Short-term investments	21,935	64,427
Total cash and short-term investments	23,291	71,383
Receivables		
Investments - accounts receivable	10	27
Due from Retirement Fund	-	-
Interest receivable - year end	255	989
Accounts receivable - year end	1,128	6,082
Accounts receivable – alternate plan	-	-
A/R – alternate plan – year end		
Total receivables	1,393	7,098
Investments, at fair value		
Corporate and government bonds	10,260	38,850
Corporate stocks	72,392	276,317
Mortgages	<u> 265</u>	2,642
Total investments, at fair value	82,917	317,809
Security lending collateral invested	9,974	36,567
Total assets	117,575	432,857
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	9	36
Deferred premium	- -	_
Securities lending collateral	9,974	36,567
Total liabilities	9,982	<u>36,603</u>
PLAN NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$ 107,592	\$ 396,254
21,0101, 221, 2110	$\frac{\psi}{101,3}$	<del>ψ 370,234</del>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE FUND COMBINING STATEMENTS OF PLAN NET ASSETS POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE June 30, 2001 and 2000

## Expressed In Thousands

CERS <u>HAZARDOUS</u>	CERS NON-HAZARDOUS	STATE POLICE	2001 <u>TOTAL</u>	2000 <u>TOTAL</u>
\$ 3,300 31,695	\$ 6,709 58,219	\$ 834 	\$ 19,154 188,046	\$ - <u>85.503</u>
34,995	64,928	12,604	207,200	85,503
14	26	5	82	10 900
427 3,292	810 7,240	178 689	2,658 18,431	3,706 17,980
	- 			
3,733	8,076	872	21,171	22,596
16,696 117,104 1,124	31,686 224,402 	7,019 48,890 547	104,512 739,105 6,595	224,782 669,515 17,117
134,924	258,105	56,457	850,212	911,414
15,964	30,348	6,487	99,339	1,979
189,615	361,457	76,419	1,177,923	1,021,492
15	42	7	108	191 130
15,964	30,348	6,487	99,339	1,979
15,979	30,390	6,493	99,448	2,300
<u>\$ 173,636</u>	<u>\$ 331,067</u>	\$ 69,926	<u>\$ 1,078,475</u>	\$ 1,019,191

	KERS <u>HAZARDOUS</u>	KERS <u>NON-HAZARDOUS</u>
ADDITIONS		
Employers contributions	<u>\$ 13,226</u>	<u>\$ 66,875</u>
Total contributions	13,226	66,875
INVESTMENT INCOME From Investing Activities		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	(6,011)	(27,776)
Interest	2,364	8,790
Dividends	632	2,423
Total income from investing activities	(3,015)	(16,563)
Investment activities expense	9	36
Net investment activities income	(3,023)	(16,599)
From securities lending activities		
Securities lending income	1,587	3,535
Securities lending expense:		
Security borrower rebates	1,415	3,153
Security lending agent fees	34	77
Net income from securities lending activities	<u>138</u>	306
Total net investment income	(2,886)	(16,293)
Total additions	10,341	50,582
DEDUCTIONS		
Healthcare premiums subsidies	1,984	37,301
Administrative fees	25	308
Total deductions	2,009	37,609
Net increase	8,332	12,973
PLAN NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS		
Beginning of year	99,260	383,281
Prior Period Adjustment	<del>-</del>	
End of year	<u>\$ 107,592</u>	\$ 396,254

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE FUND COMBINING STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE June 30, 2001 and 2000

## Expressed In Thousands

CERS <u>HAZARDOUS</u>	CERS <u>NON-HAZARDOUS</u>	STATE POLICE	2001 <u>TOTAL</u>	2000 <u>TOTAL</u>
\$ 32,149	\$ 62,292	\$ 8,113	\$ 182,656	\$ 180,350
32,149	62,292	8,113	182,656	180,350
(11,688) 3,948	(20,291) 7,100	(6,107) 1,589	(71,873) 23,791	31,230 17,624
1,000	1,963	440	6,548	8,819
(6,740)	(11,228)	(4,077)	(41,624)	57,673
15	29	7	95	83
(6,756)	(11,257)	(4,084)	(41,719)	57,590
2 221	2.106	(2)	11.005	5 522
2,231	3,106	636	11,095	5,522
1,989 48	2,769 67	567 14	9,892 240	5,223 119
193	269	55	962	179
(6,562)	(10,988)	(4,029)	(40,757)	57,770
25,587	51,305	4,085	141,899	238,120
11,531	27,539	3,547	81,901	66,487
109	244	28	714	331
11,640	27,783	3,575	82,615	66,818
13,948	23,521	510	59,284	171,302
159,688	307,545	69,416	1,019,191	847,874
<del>-</del>				15
<u>\$ 173,636</u>	\$ 331,067	\$ 69,926	\$ 1,078,475	\$ 1,019,191

Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) administers the Kentucky Employees Retirement System (KERS), County Employees Retirement System (CERS), and State Police Retirement System (SPRS). Although the assets of the plans are commingled for investment purposes, each plan's assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that plan, in accordance with the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute Sections 16.555, 61.570, and 78.630.

Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.701, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) administers the Kentucky Retirement Systems Insurance Fund. The statutes provide for a single insurance fund to provide group hospital and medical benefits to retirees drawing a benefit from the three pension funds administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems: (1) Kentucky Employees Retirement System (KERS); (2) County Employees Retirement System (CERS); and (3) State Police Retirement System (SPRS). KRS maintains separate accounting records for five insurance funds which also includes hazardous duty members of the Kentucky Employees and County Employees Retirement Systems. The assets of the various insurance funds are commingled for investment purposes. Legal counsel has advised there is no statutory authority to use the assets of one insurance fund to pay the liabilities of another insurance fund. The following notes apply to the various funds administered by Kentucky Retirement Systems.

#### NOTE A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting - KRS's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan. Premium payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments - Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. The fair value of real estate is based on appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

<u>Component Unit</u> - Kentucky Retirement Systems is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. As such, the Commonwealth of Kentucky is the primary government in whose financial reporting entity The System is included.

The Kentucky Employees Retirement System was created by the Kentucky General Assembly pursuant to the provisions of KRS 61.515. The County Employees Retirement System was created by the Kentucky General Assembly pursuant to the provisions of KRS 78.520. The State Police Retirement System was created by the Kentucky General Assembly pursuant to the provisions of KRS 16.510. The Kentucky Retirement Systems Insurance Fund was created by the Kentucky General Assembly pursuant to the provisions of KRS 61.701. The Retirement Systems= and Insurance Fund=s administrative budget is subject to approval by the Kentucky General Assembly. Employer contribution rates for KERS and SPRS are also subject to legislative approval. Employer contribution rates for CERS are determined by the Systems= Board of Trustees without further legislative review. The methods used to determine the employer rates for all Retirement Systems are specified in KRS 61.565. Employee contribution rates are set by statute and may be changed only by the Kentucky General Assembly.

<u>Expense Allocation</u> - Administrative and investment expenses of the Kentucky Retirement Systems are allocated in proportion to the number of active members participating in each plan and the carrying value of plan investments, respectively.

#### **NOTE B. Plan Descriptions and Contribution Information**

Membership of each Retirement plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2001 and 2000, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

#### KENTUCKY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

		<u>2000</u>			<u>2001</u>	
N	on-Hazardous	Hazardous		Non-Hazardous	Hazardous	
	Position	Position		Position	Position	
Number of Members	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employees</b>	<u>Total</u>	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employees</b>	<u>Total</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries						
receiving benefits	23,760	924	24,684	25,118	1,053	26,171
Terminated plan members - vested	3,073	113	3,186	3,312	123	3,435
Terminated plan members - non-vested	11,886	646	12,532	13,429	799	14,228
Active plan members	<u>46,897</u>	<u>4,007</u>	<u>50,904</u>	<u>47,780</u>	<u>4,228</u>	<u>52,008</u>
Total	<u>85,616</u>	<u>5,690</u>	91,306	<u>89,639</u>	6,203	95,842
Number of participating employers			391			408

#### COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

		<u>2000</u>			<u>2001</u>	
1	Non-Hazardous	Hazardous		Non-Hazardous	Hazardous	
	Position	Position		Position	Position	
Number of Members	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employees</b>	<u>Total</u>	<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employees</b>	<u>Total</u>
Retirees and beneficiaries						
receiving benefits	22,708	2,984	25,692	24,415	3,221	27,636
Terminated plan members - vested	3,500	112	3,612	4,080	148	4,228
Terminated plan members - non-vested	20,512	339	20,851	24,276	462	24,738
Active plan members	77,419	<u>7,951</u>	85,370	78,773	8,586	87,359
Total	124,139	<u>11,386</u>	135,525	<u>131,544</u>	<u>12,417</u>	<u>143,961</u>
Number of participating employers			1,218			1,297

#### STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

CETHICETORE OF STERM	
<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>
Hazardous	Hazardous
Position	Position
<b>Employees</b>	<b>Employees</b>
797	842
9	12
69	78
<u>1,023</u>	<u>1,016</u>
<u>1,898</u>	<u>1,948</u>
1	1
	Hazardous Position Employees 797 9 69 1,023

#### KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE FUND

Hospital and medical contracts in force consisted of the following at June 30, 2001 and 2000, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

			2000					<u>2001</u>		
		Couple/		Medi	care		Couple/		Medi	care
	<u>Single</u>	<u>Family</u>	Parent +	<u>Regular</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Single</u>	<u>Family</u>	Parent +	<u>Regular</u>	<u>High</u>
KERS Non-Hazardous	4.619	955	295	1.802	10.869	5,199	1.070	346	1.818	11,107
KERS Hazardous	268	175	37	43	375	302	185	51	52	420
CERS Non-Hazardous	3,813	745	186	2,035	8,341	4,215	791	204	2,212	8,974
CERS Hazardous	775	1,243	173	23	609	869	1,267	202	32	694
SPRS	<u>178</u>	<u>347</u>	<u>38</u>	8	<u>264</u>	<u>194</u>	<u>350</u>	<u>47</u>	8	<u>278</u>
Totals	9,653	3,465	729	3,911	20,458	10,779	3,663	850	4,122	21,473

#### NOTE B. Plan Descriptions and Contribution Information (Continued)

#### KENTUCKY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Non-Hazardous Employees Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - KERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of any state department, board, or agency directed by Executive Order to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments are provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed five percent in any plan year. The General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce cost-of-living adjustments if in its judgement the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands.

Contributions - For the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, plan members were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. The State was required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. However, formal commitment to provide the contributions by the employer is made through the biennial budget. For the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, the State contributed 5.89% and 8.03% respectively of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Board for the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 was 5.89% and 8.03% respectively of creditable compensation. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement Systems are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

#### Hazardous Employees Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - KERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that cover substantially all regular full-time members employed in hazardous duty positions of any state department, board, or agency directed by Executive Order to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments are provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed five percent in any plan year. The General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce cost-of-living adjustments if in its judgement the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands.

Contributions - For the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, plan members were required to contribute 8% of their annual creditable compensation. The State was required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. However, formal commitment to provide the contributions by the employer is made through the biennial budget. For the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, the State contributed 18.84% and 18.66% respectively of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Board for the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 was 18.84% and 18.66% respectively, of creditable compensation. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement Systems are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

#### NOTE B. Plan Descriptions and Contribution Information (Continued)

#### COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Non-Hazardous Employees Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under circumstances. Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments are provided at the discretion of the State legislature.

Contributions - For the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, plan members were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. For the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, participating employers contributed 6.34% and 7.28%, respectively, of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Board for the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 was 6.34% and 7.28%, respectively, of creditable compensation. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

#### Hazardous Employees Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments are provided at the discretion of the State legislature.

Contributions - For the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, plan members were required to contribute 8% of their annual creditable compensation. The participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. For the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, participating employers contributed 16.28% and 17.55%, respectively, of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Board for the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 was 16.28% and 17.55%, respectively, of creditable compensation. Administrative costs of KRS are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

#### NOTE B. Plan Descriptions and Contribution Information (Continued)

#### STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

<u>Plan Description</u> - SPRS is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all full-time State Troopers employed in a hazardous duty position by the Kentucky State Police. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living (COLA) adjustments are provided at the discretion of the State legislature.

Contributions - For the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, plan members were required to contribute 8% of their annual creditable compensation. The State was required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.565(3), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. However, formal commitment to provide the contributions by the employer is made through the biennial budget. For the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, the State contributed 21.58% and 23.41% respectively of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Board for the years ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 was 21.58% and 23.41%, respectively, of creditable compensation. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

#### KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE FUND

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Kentucky Retirement Systems Insurance Fund (Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for members receiving benefits from the Kentucky Employees Retirement System, the County Employees Retirement System, and the State Police Retirement System (Systems). The Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance. For the year insurance premiums withheld from benefit payments to members of the Systems approximated \$17,193,475 and \$369,916 for KERS and KERS hazardous, respectively, \$16,732,837 and \$1,328,687 for CERS and CERS hazardous, respectively, and \$292,648 for SPRS. The Fund pays the same proportion of hospital and medical insurance premiums for the spouse and dependents of retired hazardous members killed in the line of duty. As of June 30, 2001 the Fund had 54,649 retirees and beneficiaries for whom benefits were available.

The amount of contribution paid by the Fund is based on years of service with the Systems. Years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

Percent Paid by

	i cicciit i aid by
Years of Service	Insurance Fund
20 or More	100%
15 - 19	75%
10 - 14	50%
4 - 9	25%
Less Than 4	0%

In prior years, the employers' required medical insurance contribution rate was being increased annually by a percentage that would result in advance-funding the medical liability on an actuarially determined basis using the entry age normal cost method within a 20-year period measured from 1987. In November 1992, the Board of Trustees adopted a fixed percentage contribution rate and suspended future increases under the current medical premium funding policy until the next experience study could be performed.

In May 1996, the Board of Trustees adopted a policy to increase the insurance contribution rate by the amount needed to achieve the target rate for full entry age normal funding within twenty years. The increases commenced with the 1997 valuation and adjustments will be made every other valuation year to coincide with the valuation used by the General Assembly to establish employer contribution rates for the biennium.

#### NOTE C. Cash and Short-Term Investments and Securities Lending Collateral

The provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 28, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Securities Lending Transactions" require that cash received as collateral on securities lending transactions and investments made with that cash be reported as assets on the financial statements. In conjunction with the adoption of Governmental Accounting Standard No. 28, the System has reclassified certain other investments, not related to the securities lending program, as short-term. Cash and short-term investments consist of the following:

KENTUCKY EM	IPLOYEES RETIREMENT SY 2001	ZSTEM 2000
Cash, uninsured, unregistered	2001	<u>2000</u>
& uncollateralized	\$ -	\$ -
Miscellaneous cash	16,694,421	47
Short-Term Investment Pool	870,430,971	139,651,805
Short-Term Investments	849,261,657	-
Repurchase agreements purchased		
with cash collateral	-	13,680,024
Other repurchase agreements	<del>_</del>	400,995,739
Total	\$1,736,387,049	\$554,327,568
COUNTY EMP	LOYEES RETIREMENT SYS	STEM
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Cash, uninsured, unregistered		
& uncollateralized	\$ -	\$ -
Miscellaneous Cash	15,474,032	-
Short-Term Investment Pool	842,324,041	128,053,183
Short-Term Investments	939,342,782	-
Repurchase agreements purchased		
with cash collateral	-	12,550,439
Other repurchase agreements	<del>_</del>	442,896,850
Total	<u>\$1,797,140,855</u>	\$583,500,472
STATE PO	LICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM	M
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Cash, uninsured, unregistered		
& uncollateralized	\$ -	\$ -
Miscellaneous Cash	1,094,951	-
Short-Term Investment Pool	54,976,448	7,796,698
Short-Term Investments	45,064,222	-
Repurchase agreements purchased		
with cash collateral	-	944,577
Other repurchase agreements	<del>_</del>	23,238,262
Total	<u>\$101,135,621</u>	\$ 31,979,537
KENTUCKY RETIR	EMENT SYSTEMS INSURAN	
	<u>2001</u>	<u>2000</u>
Cash, uninsured, unregistered	_	_
& uncollateralized	\$ -	\$ -
Miscellaneous Cash	19,154,421	-
Short-Term Investments	188,046,064	-
Repurchase agreements purchased		1.000.000
with cash collateral	-	1,979,372
Other repurchase agreements	<u> </u>	85,502,549
Total	<u>\$ 207,200,485</u>	<u>\$ 87,481,921</u>

#### **NOTE D. Investments**

The Board of Trustees of the Retirement Systems and Insurance Fund give priority to the investment of funds in obligations considered to improve the industrial development and enhance the economic welfare of the Commonwealth. The Board enters into contracts with investment managers who use the following guidelines and restrictions in the selection and timing of transactions as long as the security is not prohibited by the Kentucky Revised Statutes.

<u>Equity Investments</u> - Investments may be made in common stock, securities convertible into common stock and in preferred stock of publicly traded corporations.

<u>Fixed Income Investments</u> - Publicly traded bonds are to be selected and managed to assure an appropriate balance in quality and maturities consistent with the current market and economic conditions. Investment may be made in any debt instrument issued or guaranteed in whole or in part by the U.S. Government or any agency or instrumentality of the U.S. Government.

<u>Mortgages</u> - Investment may be made in real estate mortgages on a direct basis or in the form of mortgage pool instruments guaranteed by an agency of the U.S. Government or the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Alternative Investments/Equity Real Estate — Subject to the specific approval of the investment committee of the board of trustees, investments may be made for the purpose of creating a diversified portfolio of income-producing properties of publicly or privately traded real estate securities with moderate to low levels of risk. In the construction of the equity real estate portfolio, the board of trustees requires diversification as to the location, age, type, purpose, and cost of holdings. In certain situations where the return appears to justify the investment, the board may invest in other real estate or alternative investments including, without limitation, venture capital, private equity and private placements which the investment committee believes has excellent potential to generate income and which may have a higher degree of risk. However, such investments shall not represent more than 2% of the entire portfolio and shall be undertaken only after approval of the board.

Mutual Fund Investments - Investments may be made in mutual funds which hold common stocks or fixed income securities.

<u>Cash Equivalent Securities</u> - The following short-term investment vehicles are considered acceptable:

Publicly traded investment grade corporate bonds, government and agency bonds, mortgages, and collective STIF's, money market funds or instruments (including, but not limited to, certificates of deposit, bank notes, deposit notes, bankers' acceptances and commercial paper) and repurchase agreements relating to the above instruments. Instruments may be selected from among those having a BBB or better rating by at least one recognized bond rating service. All instruments shall have a maturity at the time of purchase that does not exceed two years; notwithstanding the maturity of individual instruments, collective STIF's and money market funds shall have an average maturity not to exceed 91 days. Repurchase agreements shall be deemed to have a maturity equal to the period remaining until the date on which the repurchase of the underlying securities is scheduled to occur.

<u>Derivatives</u> – Investments may be made in derivative securities, or strategies which make use of derivative instruments, only if such investments do not cause the portfolio to be in any way leveraged beyond a 100% invested position. Investments in derivative securities which are subject to large or unanticipated changes in duration or cash flow, such as interest only (IO), principal only (PO), inverse floater, or structured note securities are expressly prohibited.

The Retirement Systems and Insurance Fund invest in collateral mortgage obligations (CMOs) and other asset-backed securities to increase return and adjust duration of the portfolio. The Systems and the Fund invest in exchange-traded funds to convert cash held in index funds to short-term equity investments. This practice is intended to make the performance of the index funds more closely track the performance of the index that the funds are intended to replicate.

KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For The Years Ended June 30, 2001 and 2000

#### **Note D: Investments (continued)**

#### Derivatives (continued)

Collateral mortgage obligations, asset-backed securities, and exchange-traded funds pose no greater risk than other similar investment grade holdings in the Systems' and the Fund's portfolios. The fair value of CMOs at June 30, 2001 and 2000 was approximately \$135 million and \$29 million respectively; the fair value of asset-backed securities at June 30, 2001 and 2000 was approximately \$263 million and \$428 million respectively; and the fair value of exchange-traded funds at June 30, 2001 and 2000 was approximately \$33 million and \$182 million respectively.

The Retirement Systems' and Insurance Fund's investments are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by them at June 30, 2001 and 2000. Category 1 includes investments that are either insured or registered or for which the investments are held by The System or its agent in the System's name. Category 3 includes securities purchased by and held by the System's custodial agent. The agent loans securities owned by the Systems and Fund with the simultaneous receipt of cash collateral. The custodial agent purchases securities with the cash collateral in accordance with the Systems' and Fund's *Statement of Investment Policy*. All securities purchased with cash collateral are segregated by the custodial agent and held in the name of Kentucky Retirement Systems. At June 30, 2001, the systems had a second agent who also loans securities owned by the systems with the simultaneous receipt of cash collateral. The second custodial agent invests cash collateral in a short-term investment pool that holds only U.S. dollar cash and U.S. securities.

## **Note D: Investments (continued)**

#### KENTUCKY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

			<u>2001</u>	Madad
Investments - Categorized	Category 1	Category 2	2 Category 3	Market <u>Value</u>
U.S. Government Securities  Loaned for securities collateral  Corporate bonds  Loaned for securities collateral	\$ 251,035,661 124,804,102 591,171,106 9,310,764	\$	- \$ 10,107,139 11,341,877	\$ 261,142,799 124,804,102 602,512,983 9,310,764
Corporate stocks Loaned for securities collateral Short-term investments	2,479,798,756 222 849,261,657		<u> </u>	2,479,798,756 222 849,261,657
Subtotal	\$4,305,382,268	\$	- \$ 21,449,016	\$4,326,831,283
Investments - Not Categorized Short Term Investment Pool Investments held by broker- dealers under securities loans				\$ 870,430,971
U.S. Government Securities Corporate bonds Corporate stocks Mortgages Real Estate Investment				414,965,006 58,795,295 374,337,005 268,732,891 277,684,389
Total Investments				\$6,591,776,840
				<del>+ - 1 - 2 - 1 / / - 1 / - 1 - 1</del>
			<u>2000</u>	
Investments - Categorized	<u>Category 1</u>	Category 2		Market <u>Value</u>
	<u>Category 1</u> \$ 634,485,980	Category 2	2 Category 3	Market
Investments - Categorized  U.S. Government Securities  Loaned for securities collateral  Corporate bonds  Loaned for securities collateral	\$ 634,485,980 686,321,643		2 <u>Category 3</u>	Market <u>Value</u> \$ 634,485,980 686,321,643
Investments - Categorized  U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks Loaned for securities collateral	\$ 634,485,980 686,321,643 3,843,236,881 345,323		2 <u>Category 3</u>	Market <u>Value</u> \$ 634,485,980 686,321,643 3,843,236,881 345,323
Investments - Categorized  U.S. Government Securities  Loaned for securities collateral  Corporate bonds  Loaned for securities collateral  Corporate stocks	\$ 634,485,980 686,321,643 3,843,236,881		2 <u>Category 3</u> - \$ 13,680,024	Market <u>Value</u> \$ 634,485,980 686,321,643 3,843,236,881
Investments - Categorized  U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks Loaned for securities collateral Repurchase agreements  Subtotal  Investments - Not Categorized Investments held by broker- dealers under securities loans U.S. Government Securities	\$ 634,485,980 686,321,643 3,843,236,881 345,323 400,995,739	\$	2 <u>Category 3</u> - \$ 13,680,024	Market <u>Value</u> \$ 634,485,980 686,321,643 3,843,236,881 345,323 414,675,763
Investments - Categorized  U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks Loaned for securities collateral Repurchase agreements  Subtotal  Investments - Not Categorized Investments held by broker- dealers under securities loans	\$ 634,485,980 686,321,643 3,843,236,881 345,323 400,995,739	\$	2 <u>Category 3</u> - \$ 13,680,024	Market <u>Value</u> \$ 634,485,980 686,321,643 3,843,236,881 345,323 414,675,763 \$5,579,065,590

\$6,036,526,413

## Note D: Investments (continued)

**Total Investments** 

## COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

		<u>2001</u>	
			Market
Investments - Categorized	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3 Value
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 216,449,214	\$ -	\$ 9,442,356 \$ 225,891,570
Loaned for securities collateral	120,774,075		120,774,075
Corporate bonds	550,004,359		10,477,937 560,600,168
Loaned for securities collateral	9,010,112		9,010,112
Corporate stocks	2,339,647,418		2,339,647,418
Loaned for securities collateral	214		214
Short-term investments	939,342,782		
Subtotal	\$4,175,228,174	\$ -	\$ 20,038,165 \$4,195,266,339
Investments - Not Categorized			
Short-Term Investment Pool			842,324,041
Investments held by broker-			- ,- ,-
dealers under securities loans			
U.S. Government Securities			401,565,445
Corporate bonds			58,896,746
Corporate stocks			362,249,356
Mortgages			239,870,634
Real Estate Investment			<u>280,736,876</u>
Total Investments			<u>\$6,378,909,438</u>
		2000	
		<u>2000</u>	Market
Investments - Categorized	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3 Value
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 613,809,633	\$ -	\$ - \$ 13,809,633
Loaned for securities collateral	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Corporate bonds	649,161,998		649,161,998
Loaned for securities collateral	, ,		,
Corporate stocks	3,528,716,054		3,528,716,054
Loaned for securities collateral	316,642		316,642
Repurchase agreements	442,896,850		12,550,439 445,447,289
Subtotal	\$5,234,901,177	\$ 0	\$ 12,550,439 \$5,247,451,616
Investments - Not Categorized			
Investments held by broker-			
dealers under securities loans			128,053,183
U.S. Government Securities			120,000,100
Corporate bonds			
Corporate stocks			137,289,538
Mortgages			239,916,469
Real Estate Investment			<u>283,815,607</u>

## Note D: Investments (continued)

#### STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Investments - Categorized U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks Loaned for securities collateral Short-term investments Subtotal	Category 1 \$ 16,196,830     7,882,631     37,622,945     588,068     162,945,265	2001 Category 2 \$ -	Category 3 \$ 642,732 721,233	Market Value \$ 16,839,562 7,882,631 38,344,178 588,068 162,945,265 14 45,064,222 \$ 271,663,942
Investments - Not Categorized Short-Term Investment Pool Investments held by broker- dealers under securities loans U.S. Government Securities Corporate bonds Corporate stocks Mortgages Real Estate Investment				54,976,448 26,209,203 3,713,513 23,643,137 17,061,141 18,893,323
Total Investments				<u>\$ 416,160,708</u>
		2000		N6 1 .
Investments - Categorized	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Market Value
U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral	\$ 32,384,494 41,817,385	\$ -	\$ -	\$32,384,494 41,817,385 266,899,568
U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks Loaned for securities collateral	\$ 32,384,494 41,817,385 266,899,568 19,280			41,817,385 266,899,568 19,280
U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks	\$ 32,384,494 41,817,385 266,899,568		944,577 \$ 944,577	41,817,385 266,899,568 19,280 24,182,839
U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks Loaned for securities collateral Repurchase agreements  Subtotal  Investments - Not Categorized Investments held by broker- dealers under securities loans U.S. Government Securities	\$ 32,384,494 41,817,385 266,899,568 19,280 23,238,262	\$ - 	944,577	41,817,385 266,899,568 19,280 24,182,839
U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks Loaned for securities collateral Repurchase agreements  Subtotal  Investments - Not Categorized Investments held by broker- dealers under securities loans	\$ 32,384,494 41,817,385 266,899,568 19,280 23,238,262	\$ - 	944,577	41,817,385 266,899,568 19,280 24,182,839 \$ 365,303,566

## Note D: Investments (continued)

#### KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE FUND

		<u>2001</u>		N. 1
Investments - Categorized U.S. Government Securities	<u>Category 1</u> \$ 64,843,456	Category 2 \$ -	Category 3	Market <u>Value</u> \$ 64,843,456
Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds	1,843,891			1,843,891
Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks	681,320,455			681,320,435
Loaned for securities collateral Short-term investments	188,046,064			188,046,064
Subtotal	\$ 936,053,866	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 936,053,866
Investments - Not Categorized Investments held by broker- dealers under securities loans				99,339,376
U.S. Government Securities Corporate bonds				37,824,200
Corporate stocks Mortgages				57,784,278 6,595,407
Total Investments				\$1,137,597,128
		2000		
Investments, Cotegovized	Catagory	2000	Catagory 2	Market
Investments - Categorized U.S. Government Securities	<u>Category 1</u> \$ 116,859,452	2000  Category 2  \$ -	Category 3	Market <u>Value</u> \$ 116,859,452
U.S. Government Securities  Loaned for securities collateral  Corporate bonds		Category 2		<u>Value</u>
U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks	\$ 116,859,452	Category 2		<u>Value</u> \$ 116,859,452
U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral	\$ 116,859,452 107,649,776	Category 2		<u>Value</u> \$ 116,859,452 107,649,776
U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks Loaned for securities collateral	\$ 116,859,452 107,649,776 667,540,279	Category 2	\$ -	Value \$ 116,859,452 107,649,776 667,540,279
U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks Loaned for securities collateral Repurchase agreements  Subtotal  Investments - Not Categorized Investments held by broker- dealers under securities loans U.S. Government Securities	\$ 116,859,452 107,649,776 667,540,279 85,502,549	<u>Category 2</u> \$ -	1,979,372	\text{Value} \\$ 116,859,452 \\ 107,649,776 \\ 667,540,279 \\ \text{87,481,921}
U.S. Government Securities Loaned for securities collateral Corporate bonds Loaned for securities collateral Corporate stocks Loaned for securities collateral Repurchase agreements  Subtotal  Investments - Not Categorized Investments held by broker- dealers under securities loans	\$ 116,859,452 107,649,776 667,540,279 85,502,549	<u>Category 2</u> \$ -	1,979,372	\text{Value} \\$ 116,859,452 \\ 107,649,776 \\ 667,540,279 \\ \text{87,481,921}

#### NOTE E. SECURITIES LENDING TRANSACTIONS

Kentucky Revised Statues Sections 61.650 and 386.020(2) permit the Retirement Systems and Insurance Fund to lend their securities to broker-dealers and other entities. The borrowers of the securities agree to transfer to the Systems' and the Fund's custodial banks either cash collateral or other securities with a market value of 102 percent of the value of the borrowed securities. The borrowers of the securities simultaneously agree to return the borrowed securities in exchange for the collateral at a later date. Securities lent for cash collateral are presented as unclassified above in the schedule of custodial credit risk; securities lent for securities collateral are classified according to the category for the securities loaned. At year-end, the Systems and Fund have no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the Systems and Fund owe to borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the Systems and Fund. The contracts with the custodial banks require them to indemnify the Systems or the Fund if the borrowers fail to return the securities and one or both of the custodial banks have failed to live up to their contractual responsibilities relating to the lending of securities.

All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either party to the transaction, although the average term of the loans was 6 days, 10 days, and 24 days for the three investment portfolios subject to security lending agreements. One custodial bank invests cash collateral in securities that are permitted for investment by state statute and board policy, which at year-end has a weighted-average maturity of 3 days for the Retirement Systems and the Insurance Fund. The other custodial bank invests cash collateral in the agent's short term investment pool as permitted by state statute and Board policy, which at year-end has a weighted-average maturity of 24 days for the Retirement Systems only. Neither the Systems nor the Fund can pledge or sell collateral securities received unless the borrower defaults.

#### NOTE F. RISKS OF LOSS

The Systems are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statutes, the Kentucky Board of Claims is vested with full power and authority to investigate, hear proof, and to compensate persons for damages sustained to either person or property as a result of negligence of the agency or any of its employees. Awards are limited to \$100,000 for a single claim and \$250,000 in aggregate per occurrence. Awards and a pro rata share of the operating cost of the Board of Claims are paid from the fund of the agency having a claim or claims before the Board.

Claims against the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems or any of its staff as result of actual or alleged breach of fiduciary duty are insured with a commercial insurance policy. Coverage provided is limited to \$5,000,000 with a deductible amount of \$25,000. Defense costs incurred in defending such claims will be paid by the insurance company. However, the total defense cost and claims paid shall not exceed the total aggregate coverage of the policy.

Claims for job-related illnesses or injuries to employees are insured by the state's self-insured workers compensation program. Payments approved by the program are not subject to maximum limitations. A claimant may receive reimbursement for all medical expenses related to the illness or injury and up to sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of wages for temporary disability. Each agency pays premiums based on fund reserves and payroll.

Only claims pertaining to workers' compensation have been filed during the past three fiscal years. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no claims which were appealed to the Kentucky Workers Compensation Board.

#### NOTE G. CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Retirement Systems and Insurance Fund are involved in various litigation concerning the right of participants or their beneficiaries to receive benefits. The System does not anticipate any material losses as a result of the contingent liabilities.

#### NOTE H. INCOME TAX STATUS

The Internal Revenue Service has ruled that the Plan qualifies under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and is, therefore, not subject to tax under income tax law.

#### NOTE J. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING ESTIMATE

As of July 1, 2000, the Systems entered into a Master Custody Agreement with Northern Trust Corporation. The Master Custody Agreement changed the way the Systems hold assets in the investment portfolio. Asset ownership had been an indication of individual security ownership. Under the Master Custody Agreement, asset ownership is reflected as a percentage of the portfolio. The change in accounting estimate has no effect on the Kentucky Retirement Systems' investment portfolio as a whole. The initial effect of the change on the individual funds is as follows:

#### PENSION FUNDS

	Book Value	Book Value Portfolio Percentage	Market Value Portfolio Percentage	Restated Book Value
KERS	6/30/2000 \$ 4,740,654,296	6/30/2000 47.0544%	6/30/2000 47.4828%	7/1/2000 \$ 4,783,815,498
CERS	3,732,292,416	37.0457%	36.8195%	3,709,509,383
KSP	315,799,384	3.1345%	3.2564%	328,080,622
CERH	1,030,710,828	10.2305%	10.0565%	1,013,178,221
KERH	255,386,326	<u>2.5249</u> %	<u>2.3847</u> %	240,259,526
TOTAL	\$10,074,843,250	100.0000%	100.0000%	\$10,074,843,250
INSURANCE FUNDS				
		Book Value	Market Value	
		Portfolio	Portfolio	Restated
	Book Value	Percentage	Percentage	Book Value
	_6/30/2000	6/30/2000	6/30/2000	7/1/2000
KERS	\$303,231,563	37.5506%	37.6022%	\$303,648,695
CERS	244,469,319	30.2738%	30.1173%	243,205,485
KSP	53,986,398	6.6854%	6.8726%	55,498,194
CERH	126,884,648	15.7127%	15.6783%	126,607,005
KERH	<u>78,956,426</u>	<u>9.7775</u> %	<u>9.7296</u> %	78,568,975
TOTAL	\$807,528,354	<u>100.0000</u> %	<u>100.0000</u> %	\$807,528,354

#### NOTE K. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In the prior year, certain amounts which should have been posted to the Insurance Fund were posted to the Retirement Systems. The error was discovered and corrected in the current year resulting in a \$15,000 increase in the Insurance Fund and a corresponding clearance in the Retirement Systems.

## KENTUCKY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Non-Hazardous	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age Normal (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)
June 30, 1996	\$3,237,983,129	\$3,295,362,361	\$ 7,379,232
June 30, 1997	\$3,683,995,005	\$3,463,047,650	(\$ 220,947,355)
June 30, 1998	\$4,356,072,625	\$3,800,014,746	(\$ 556,057,879)
June 30, 1999	\$5,264,340,397	\$4,327,622,821	(\$ 936,717,576)
June 30, 2000	\$6,806,675,460	\$4,876,825,772	(\$1,929,849,688)
June 30, 2001	\$6,844,742,687	\$5,444,035,294	(\$1,400,707,393)
<u>Hazardous</u>			
June 30, 1996	\$137,312,448	\$120,042,122	(\$17,270,326)
June 30, 1997	\$166,717,238	\$140,918,460	(\$25,798,778)
June 30, 1998	\$212,214,618	\$171,735,076	(\$40,479,542)
June 30, 1999	\$259,839,319	\$204,282,788	(\$55,556,531)
June 30, 2000	\$336,213,464	\$243,365,557	(\$92,847,907)
June 30, 2001	\$361,677,475	\$285,193,761	(\$76,483,714)

		UAAL as a % of Covered
Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Payroll
(a/b)	(c)	$\frac{\text{((b-a)/c)}}{\text{((b-a)/c)}}$
<u>(a/0)</u>	(C)	<u> ((0-a)/c)</u>
0.983	\$1,232,974,460	0.047
1.064	\$1,234,798,738	(0.179)
1.146	\$1,321,004,266	(0.421)
1.216	\$1,330,766,100	(0.704)
1.396	\$1,409,504,668	(1.369)
1.257	\$1,505,299,220	(0.931)
1.144	\$ 85,933,543	(0.201)
1.183	\$ 87,757,075	(0.294)
1.236	\$ 93,130,996	(0.435)
1.272	\$103,464,123	(0.537)
1.382	\$115,639,439	(0.803)
1.268	\$122,857,992	(0.623)

## COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Non-Hazardous	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age Normal (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b-a)
June 30, 1996	\$2,237,808,033	\$2,083,374,317	(\$ 154,433,716)
June 30, 1997	\$2,750,196,558	\$2,390,620,093	(\$ 359,576,465)
June 30, 1998	\$3,346,205,003	\$2,663,946,276	(\$ 682,258,727)
June 30, 1999	\$4,072,227,435	\$2,991,420,884	(\$1,080,806,551)
June 30, 2000	\$5,284,033,534	\$3,368,601,134	(\$1,915,432,400)
June 30, 2001	\$5,423,834,549	\$3,706,282,212	(\$1,717,552,337)
<u>Hazardous</u>			
June 30, 1996	\$ 642,220,505	\$ 694,942,156	\$ 52,721,651
June 30, 1997	\$ 763,829,310	\$ 754,308,810	(\$ 9,520,500)
June 30, 1998	\$ 927,057,492	\$ 865,966,626	(\$ 61,090,866)
June 30, 1999	\$1,124,651,486	\$ 963,711,775	(\$160,939,711)
June 30, 2000	\$1,445,542,794	\$1,084,553,697	(\$360,989,097)
June 30, 2001	\$1,486,666,016	\$1,193,860,442	(\$292,806,574)

Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
(a/b)	(c)	$\underline{\qquad \qquad \text{(b-a)/c)}}$
1.074	\$1,137,192,560	(0.136)
1.150	\$1,297,116,204	(0.277)
1.256	\$1,437,594,574	(0.475)
1.361	\$1,346,601,939	(0.803)
1.569	\$1,452,058,248	(1.319)
1.463	\$1,544,973,296	(1.112)
0.924	\$ 211,638,457	0.249
1.013	\$225,094,837	(0.042)
1.071	\$236,180,023	(0.257)
1.167	\$256,201,726	(0.628)
1.333	\$288,575,870	(1.251)
1.245	\$316,700,304	(0.925)

#### STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

		Actuarial Accrued				
		Liability				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	(AAL)	Unfunded			% of
	Value of	Entry Age	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
	Assets	Normal	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Year Ended	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	<u>(a/b)</u>	<u>(c)</u>	<u>((b-a)/c)</u>
June 30, 1996	\$237,515,346	\$244,540,812	\$ 7,025,466	0.971	\$34,698,957	0.202
June 30, 1997	\$279,643,275	\$255,784,758	(\$ 23,858,517)	1.093	\$41,586,211	(0.574)
June 30, 1998	\$306,318,918	\$294,427,019	(\$ 11,891,899)	1.040	\$38,727,361	(0.307)
June 30, 1999	\$357,623,196	\$314,021,673	(\$ 43,601,523)	1.139	\$40,433,405	(1.078)
June 30, 2000	\$459,168,574	\$336,579,763	(\$122,588,811)	1.364	\$43,619,383	(2.810)
June 30, 2001	\$456,160,709	\$356,211,860	(\$ 99,948,849)	1.281	\$44,646,678	(2.237)

This page intentionally blank.

KERS <u>Non-Hazardous</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets(a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Targeted Rate (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)(b-a)
June 30, 1996**	\$138,382,213	\$1,127,128,023	\$ 988,745,810
June 30, 1997	\$168,479,973	\$1,153,952,891	\$ 985,472,918
June 30, 1998	\$210,105,184	\$1,242,183,993	\$1,032,078,809
June 30, 1999	\$283,704,887	\$1,273,364,800	\$ 989,659,913
June 30, 2000	\$399,560,252	\$1,457,475,358	\$1,057,915,106
June 30, 2001	\$449,630,605	\$1,769,583,098	\$1,319,952,493
KERS <u>Hazardous</u>			
June 30, 1996**	\$ 34,263,992	\$ 95,266,115	\$61,002,123
June 30, 1997	\$ 42,684,374	\$120,511,351	\$77,826,977
June 30, 1998	\$ 54,606,786	\$137,394,162	\$82,787,376
June 30, 1999	\$ 74,579,649	\$149,158,586	\$74,578,937
June 30, 2000	\$102,212,237	\$175,167,613	\$72,955,376
June 30, 2001	\$119,372,742	\$214,450,822	\$95,078,080

<sup>\*\*</sup> Asset valuation method was changed from book value to a five-year average of market to book values. - June 30, 1996 valuation.

		UAAL as a
Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	% of Covered Payroll
(a/b)	(c)	$\frac{\text{rayron}}{((b-a)/c)}$
<u> (a/o)</u>	(c)	<u>((0 a)/c)</u>
0.123	\$1,232,974,460	0.802
0.146	\$1,234,798,738	0.798
0.169	\$1,321,004,266	0.781
0.223	\$1,330,766,100	0.743
0.274	\$1,409,504,668	0.751
0.254	\$1,505,299,220	0.877
0.360	\$ 85,933,543	0.710
0.354	\$ 87,757,075	0.887
0.397	\$ 93,130,996	0.889
0.500	\$103,464,123	0.721
0.584	\$115,639,439	0.631
0.557	\$122,857,992	0.774

CERS Non-Hazardous	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Targeted Rate (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)
June 30, 1996**	\$110,203,861	\$1,011,215,398	\$ 901,011,537
June 30, 1997	\$134,688,096	\$1,091,055,849	\$ 956,367,753
June 30, 1998	\$168,531,296	\$1,213,339,747	\$1,044,808,451
June 30, 1999	\$231,937,169	\$1,282,874,286	\$1,050,937,117
June 30, 2000	\$319,642,694	\$1,466,716,928	\$1,147,074,234
June 30, 2001	\$371,758,628	\$1,793,710,768	\$1,421,952,140
CERS <u>Hazardous</u>			
June 30, 1996**	\$ 57,332,380	\$ 375,444,348	\$318,111,968
June 30, 1997	\$ 69,832,681	\$450,304,608	\$380,471,927
June 30, 1998	\$ 87,055,079	\$493,286,363	\$406,231,284
June 30, 1999	\$114,590,223	\$518,280,115	\$403,689,892
June 30, 2000	\$168,657,912	\$599,936,029	\$431,278,117
June 30, 2001	\$197,875,249	\$721,605,292	\$523,730,043

<sup>\*\*</sup> Asset valuation method was changed from book value to a five-year average of market to book values. - June 30, 1996 valuation.

		UAAL as a
		% of Covered
Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	Payroll
(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
0.109	\$1,137,192,560	0.792
0.123	\$1,297,116,204	0.737
0.139	\$1,437,594,574	0.727
0.180	\$1,346,601,939	0.780
0.218	\$1,452,058,248	0.780
0.207	\$1,544,973,296	0.920
0.153	\$ 211,638,457	1.503
0.155	\$225,094,837	1.690
0.176	\$236,180,023	1.720
0.221	\$256,201,726	1.576
0.281	\$288,575,870	1.500
0.274	\$316,700,304	1.654

SPRS	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Targeted Rate (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll _((b-a)/c)
June 30, 1996**	\$27,809,267	\$101,132,886	\$73,323,619	0.275	\$34,698,957	2.113
June 30, 1997	\$33,876,483	\$117,361,754	\$83,485,271	0.289	\$41,586,211	2.008
June 30, 1998	\$41,410,500	\$124,501,076	\$83,090,576	0.333	\$38,727,361	2.146
June 30, 1999	\$53,929,859	\$125,797,150	\$71,867,291	0.429	\$40,433,405	1.777
June 30, 2000	\$71,711,712	\$138,867,085	\$67,155,373	0.516	\$43,619,383	1.540
June 30, 2001	\$79,863,577	\$158,261,479	\$78,397,902	0.505	\$44,646,678	1.756

<sup>\*\*</sup> Asset valuation method was changed from book value to a five-year average of market to book values. - June 30, 1996 valuation.

#### KENTUCKY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

#### **NON-HAZARDOUS**

_Year Ended	Annual Required <u>Contributions</u>	Actual Contributions	Percentage Contributed
June 30, 1996	\$107,885,265	\$ 99,296,569	0.920
June 30, 1997	\$109,773,608	\$102,967,907	0.935
June 30, 1998	\$117,437,279	\$112,082,480	0.954
June 30, 1999	\$106,860,518	\$107,514,778	1.006
June 30, 2000	\$113,183,225	\$115,055,476	1.017
June 30, 2001	\$ 88,662,124	\$ 90,356,951	1.019

#### **HAZARDOUS**

Year Ended	Annual Required <u>Contributions</u>	Actual Contributions	Percentage Contributed
June 30, 1996	\$15,511,004	\$14,420,406	0.930
June 30, 1997	\$15,682,189	\$15,151,328	0.966
June 30, 1998	\$16,642,509	\$15,997,189	0.961
June 30, 1999	\$19,306,405	\$19,443,818	1.007
June 30, 2000	\$21,578,319	\$21,633,272	1.003
June 30, 2001	\$23,146,446	\$23,852,961	1.031

#### COUNTY EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS**

#### **NON-HAZARDOUS**

Year Ended	Annual Required <u>Contributions</u>	Actual Contributions	Percentage Contributed
June 30, 1996	\$101,665,015	\$ 95,660,478	0.941
June 30, 1997	\$112,200,552	\$105,773,743	0.942
June 30, 1998	\$124,351,931	\$107,490,256	0.864
June 30, 1999	\$109,074,757	\$110,591,016	1.014
June 30, 2000	\$105,709,840	\$106,587,217	1.008
June 30, 2001	\$ 97,951,307	\$111,206,820	1.135

#### **HAZARDOUS**

_Year Ended	Annual Required <u>Contributions</u>	Actual <u>Contributions</u>	Percentage Contributed
June 30, 1996	\$38,539,363	\$35,951,348	0.933
June 30, 1997	\$42,070,225	\$39,552,085	0.938
June 30, 1998	\$44,142,046	\$42,297,090	0.958
June 30, 1999	\$46,526,233	\$48,290,617	1.037
June 30, 2000	\$50,645,065	\$51,739,272	1.022
June 30, 2001	\$51,558,809	\$53,132,792	1.031

#### ENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS For The Year Ended June 30, 2001

# STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ended	Annual Required <u>Contributions</u>	Actual <u>Contributions</u>	Percentage Contributed
June 30, 1996	\$ 7,998,110	\$ 7,089,072	0.886
June 30, 1997	\$11,053,615	\$ 9,627,692	0.871
June 30, 1998	\$10,293,733	\$ 9,573,742	0.930
June 30, 1999	\$ 9,465,460	\$ 9,463,188	0.999
June 30, 2000	\$10,211,298	\$10,215,824	1.000
June 30, 2001	\$ 9,634,753	\$ 9,628,912	0.999

#### EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

#### KERS NON-HAZARDOUS

Year Ended	Annual Required <u>Contributions</u>	Actual <u>Contributions</u>	Percentage Contributed
June 30, 1996	\$ 38,838,695	\$36,690,182	0.940
June 30, 1997	\$38,896,160	\$37,709,736	0.970
June 30, 1998	\$54,029,074	\$39,503,545	0.731
June 30, 1999	\$56,690,636	\$56,769,539	1.001
June 30, 2000	\$76,818,004	\$76,926,320	1.001
June 30, 2001	\$66,874,871	\$66,874,871	1.000

#### KERS <u>HAZARDOUS</u>

Year Ended	Annual Required <u>Contributions</u>	Actual <u>Contributions</u>	Percentage Contributed
June 30, 1996	\$ 6,410,642	\$ 5,931,007	0.930
June 30, 1997	\$ 6,546,678	\$ 6,278,931	0.960
June 30, 1998	\$ 9,341,039	\$ 6,632,037	0.710
June 30, 1999	\$10,760,269	\$10,773,916	1.001
June 30, 2000	\$12,026,502	\$12,047,095	1.002
June 30, 2001	\$13,226,298	\$13,226,298	1.000

#### EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

#### CERS NON-HAZARDOUS

Year Ended	Annual Required <u>Contributions</u>	Actual Contributions	Percentage Contributed
June 30, 1996	\$26,837,744	\$25,234,550	0.940
June 30, 1997	\$30,611,942	\$27,504,331	0.898
June 30, 1998	\$48,303,178	\$29,271,074	0.606
June 30, 1999	\$47,939,029	\$47,901,837	0.999
June 30, 2000	\$55,033,008	\$55,213,973	1.003
June 30, 2001	\$62,292,385	\$62,292,385	1.000

#### CERS <u>HAZARDOUS</u>

Year Ended	Annual Required <u>Contributions</u>	Actual <u>Contributions</u>	Percentage Contributed
June 30, 1996	\$13,396,714	\$12,381,700	0.920
June 30, 1997	\$14,248,503	\$13,305,317	0.934
June 30, 1998	\$20,783,842	\$14,275,040	0.687
June 30, 1999	\$23,647,419	\$23,382,957	0.989
June 30, 2000	\$27,991,859	\$28,345,377	1.013
June 30, 2001	\$32,149,432	\$32,149,432	1.000

# KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS INSURANCE FUND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

### SPRS <u>HAZARDOUS</u>

Year Ended	Annual Required <u>Contributions</u>	Actual <u>Contributions</u>	Percentage Contributed
June 30, 1996	\$ 4,930,722	\$4,603,921	0.930
June 30, 1997	\$5,909,401	\$5,125,678	0.867
June 30, 1998	\$6,808,270	\$5,120,037	0.752
June 30, 1999	\$7,237,579	\$7,251,787	1.002
June 30, 2000	\$7,807,870	\$7,817,613	1.001
June 30, 2001	\$8,098,907	\$8,113,391	1.002

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

#### PENSION FUNDS

	Non-Hazardous	<u>Hazardous</u>
Valuation Date	June 30, 2000	June 30, 2000
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent Closed	Level Percent Closed
Amortization Period - Each Benefit Improvement	30 years - Commencing with 1990 Valuation	30 years - Commencing with 1990 Valuation
Asset Valuation Method -	Five-year Average of Market to Book Value	Five-year Average of Market to Book Value
Postretirement Benefit Increase	1.6%	1.6%
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Investment Return	8.25%	8.25%
Projected Salary Increases	6.50%	6.50%
Inflation Rate	3.50%	3.50%

#### POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE

	Non-Hazardous	<u>Hazardous</u>
Valuation Date	June 30, 2000	June 30, 2000
Actuarial Cost Method	Targeted Rate	Targeted Rate
Asset Valuation Method - Started with 1996 Valuation	Five-year Average of Market to Book Value	Five-year Average of Market to Book Value
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Investment Return	8.25%	8.25%
Projected Salary Increases	6.50%	6.50%
Inflation Rate	3.50%	3.50%

#### **SUPPORTING SCHEDULE #1**

Personal Services:		
Salaries and Per Diem	\$6,371,154	
Fringe Benefits	1,424,598	
Tuition Assistance	<u>35,003</u>	
Total Personal Services		\$ 7,830,755
Contractual Services:		
Actuarial	129,450	
Audit	29,000	
Legal	156,473	
Medical	102,264	
Contractual	329,414	
Miscellaneous	<u>375</u>	
Total Contractual Services		746,976
Communication:		
Printing	137,722	
Telephone	69,872	
Postage	507,481	
Travel	<u>72,236</u>	
Total Communication		787,311
Rentals:		
Office Space	441,333	
Equipment	34,660	
Total Rentals		475,993
Miscellaneous:		
Utilities	64,984	
Supplies	133,310	
Insurance	33,803	
Maintenance	436,756	
Other	118,664	
Total Miscellaneous		787,517
Capital Outlay:		
Equipment Purchases	129,959	
Lease Purchases	<del>_</del>	
Total Capital Outlay		129,959
Total Capital Outlay		129,939
TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		<u>\$10,758,511</u>

#### **SUPPORTING SCHEDULE #2**

\$96,171,191

#### **Retirement Funds**

Security Lending Fees:

**Broker Rebates** 

	*, -, -	
Lending Agent Fees	2,519,719	
Custodial Fee	<u> 18,750</u>	
Total Security Lending		\$ 98,709,660
Contractual Services:		
Investment Management	4,437,749	
Security Custody	45,456	
Investment Consultant	25,000	

Total Contractual Services 4,508,205

#### **Insurance Funds**

Security Lending Fees:

Broker Rebates 9,892,293 Lending Agent Fees 240,455

Total Security Lending 10,132,748

Investment Management 94,997

TOTAL INVESTMENT EXPENSES \$113,445,610

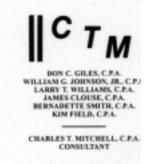
Information on fees paid to investment professionals can be found in the investment section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

### KENTUCKY RETIREMENT SYSTEMS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PAYMENT TO CONSULTANTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2001

#### **SUPPORTING SCHEDULE #3**

Actuarial Services	\$129,450
Medical Review Services	102,264
Audit Services	29,000
Legal Counsel	156,473
TOTAL	\$417,187





# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Kentucky Retirement Systems Frankfort, Kentucky

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Kentucky Retirement Systems, a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2001. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Kentucky Retirement Systems= general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Charles 7. Metchell Co.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Kentucky Retirement Systems= internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general-purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended for the information of the audit committee, management, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

October 31, 2001